

# Kodaira dimension and hyperbolicity of families of varieties / C

Curve C	$g=0: K=-\infty$	} Surfaces S	ruled	: $K=-\infty$
	$g=1: K=0$		(Q-) CY	: $K=0$
	$g \geq 2: K=1$		Elliptic surface	: $K=1$
			general type	: $K=2$

## Q1. Introduction

S: proj smooth surface      C: proj smooth curve

$f: S \rightarrow C$  w. connected fibers

### Q. Existence?

Iitaka's conj       $K(S) \geq K(C) + K(F)$   
⊕ general fiber of f

$K(X)$ : Kodaira dimension of a variety X  
 : birational invariant  $\in \{-\infty, 0, 1, \dots, \dim X\}$   
 ( $h^0(NK_X) \sim c \cdot N^{K(X)}$ )

Example If S: Calabi-Yau (or  $K(S)=0$ )  
 then  $g(C) = 0$  or  $1$

### Q. How many singular fibers are there?

Consider  $C = \mathbb{P}^1$  or E (elliptic curve)

Example  $S \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$  smooth

$C_0 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$   
 Hirzebruch surface  $F_n = \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(\mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}(n)) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$   
 $S$  is ruled (covered by  $\mathbb{P}^1$ )  $\Leftrightarrow K(S) = -\infty$   
 $\Leftrightarrow K_S$  is not  $\mathbb{Q}$ -effective

Example  $S \rightarrow E$  smooth

$C_0 \times E \rightarrow E$   
 $S$  is not of general type  $\Leftrightarrow K_S$  is not big

Defn Line bundle  $L$ :  $\mathbb{Q}$ -effective if  $L^{\otimes m}$  has a section  $\exists m \gg 0$   
 $L$ : big if  $X \dashrightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$   $\exists m \gg 0$   
is generically finite

"positivity of a line bundle"

Results on # of singular fibers

[ surfaces : Parshin, Arakelov  
 3-folds / more : Kovács, Migliorini  
 Beukelaar-Viehweg, Viehweg-Zuo ]

$X$ : smooth proj var.

$W_X := \det(\Omega_X) = \mathcal{O}_X(K_X)$   
 "canonical divisor  $K_X$ "

- $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1 \Rightarrow h(X) \geq 0$
- $K_X$ :  $\mathbb{Q}$ -effective  $\Rightarrow f$  has at least 3 singular fibers  
 $\Leftrightarrow K_{\mathbb{P}^1} + \Delta(f)$  is big
- $f: X \rightarrow E \Rightarrow X$  is of general type
- $K_X$ : big  $\Rightarrow f$  has ...  
 $\Leftrightarrow K_E + \Delta(f)$  is big

Denote  $\Delta(f)$ : discriminant locus  
 i.e. points on the base over which  $f$  is not smooth

$C \times S \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1 \Rightarrow$  has at least 3 singular fibers.

2.2. Smooth descent of positivity of log canonical divisor

Roughly  $f: X^\circ \rightarrow Y^\circ$  smooth proj morphism  
 of quasi-proj manifolds  
 $\Rightarrow$  positivity of log canonical divisor of  $X^\circ$  descends to

Setup  $(X, E), (Y, D)$  proj log smooth pairs  
 i.e.  $X$ : smooth proj  
 $E$ : reduced snc divisor

Thm (P'22)  $f: (X, E) \rightarrow (Y, D)$  a surj morphism  
 s.t.  $E = f^{-1}D$ ,  $f|_{X \setminus E}$ : smooth

- ① If  $K_X + E$  big, then  $K_Y + D$  big  
 $\sim$  effective,  $\sim$  pseudo-effective
- ② If  $\exists E > 0$  s.t.  $K_X + (1-E)E$  is effective  
 then  $\exists D > 0$  s.t.  $K_Y + (1-d)D$  is pseudo-effective

( Recall pseudo-effective divisor  
 = limit of effective divisors in  $N^1(Y)_{\mathbb{R}} \subset H^{1,1}(Y, \mathbb{C})$   
 Neron-Severi gp )

Rmk Compact case (no  $E, D$ ) : Result of Popa-Schnell '22.

Defn A smooth quasi-proj variety  $V$  is of log general type

if  $K_V + D$  is big  $\left( \begin{array}{l} V \hookrightarrow \mathbb{P}^n \text{ compactification, } D = \mathbb{P}^n \setminus V \\ \text{reduced snc divisor} \end{array} \right)$

Cor (P'22)  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  surj morphism of proj manifolds.

If either

✓ ①  $K_X$  : big or

✓ ②  $K_X$  : effective,  $\underline{-K_X}$  : big

Then  $Y \setminus \Delta(f)$  is of log general type

(sketch of the proof)

Reduce to  $f: (X, E) \rightarrow (Y, D)$

①  $K_X$  : big  $\Rightarrow K_X + E$  : big  $\Rightarrow K_Y + D$  : big

②  $K_X$  : effective  $\Rightarrow K_X + (1-\delta)E$  : effective

$\Rightarrow \underline{K_Y + (1-\delta)D}$  : pseudo-effective

$\Rightarrow \underline{K_Y + D}$  : big  $\square$

Back to \* of singular fibers

$X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$   $K_X$  : effective  $\Rightarrow$  at least 3 singular fibers

$X \rightarrow E$   $K_X$  : big  $\Rightarrow$  at least 1 " "

Cor (P'22)  $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$  surj.  $K(X) \geq 0$

Then  $\dim \Delta(f) = n-1$ ,  $\deg \Delta(f) \geq n+2$

Rmk This inequality is sharp  $\rightarrow$

In particular  $X$  : proj HK manifold of  $\dim \geq n$

$X \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{P}^n$  lagrangian fibration

$\rightarrow \Delta(f)$  is a hypersurface of degree  $\geq n+2$

$\hookleftarrow$  Known Hwang-Ogiso

P3. Superadditivity of log Kodaira dimension

Defn  $X$  : smooth quasi-proj variety

$\bar{K}(X) := K(\bar{X}, K_{\bar{X}} + D) \in \{-\infty, 0, 1, \dots, \dim X\}$

" log Kodaira dimension of  $X$  "

$(h^0(N(K_{\bar{X}} + D)) \sim c N^{\bar{K}(X)})$



$$X^{(s)} \xrightarrow{\text{resolution of sing}} X^s \xrightarrow{f^{(s)}} Y \quad \exists! \text{ main component dominating } Y$$

Then ( Viehweg's fiber product trick ) '80

$\forall N, s > 0 \quad \exists$  natural inclusion

$$(f_*^{(s)} \omega_{X^{(s)}/Y}^{\otimes N})^{\vee} \hookrightarrow (\bigotimes^s f_* \omega_{X/Y}^{\otimes N})^{\vee} \quad \checkmark$$

In the log setting

$$E = f^* D$$

Logarithmic fiber product trick (P'22)

$f: (X, E) \rightarrow (Y, D) \quad E = f^{-1} D \quad f|_{X \setminus E}$  smooth

$$\left( \bigotimes^s f_* (\omega_X(E) / \omega_Y(D)^{\otimes N}) \right)^{\vee} \hookrightarrow \left( f_*^{(s)} (\omega_{X^{(s)}}(E^{(s)}) / \omega_Y(D)^{\otimes N}) \right)^{\vee}$$

Assuming conjectures of MMP,

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  smooth proj morphism of quasi-proj manifolds with connected fibers

$$\bar{K}(X) = \bar{K}(Y) + K(F)$$

• Subadditivity  $\geq$ : Iitaka's conj  
known when  $F$  has a good minimal model

• Superadditivity  $\leq$ : Popa's conj  
Known when we assume

conjectures on the base  $Y$ .

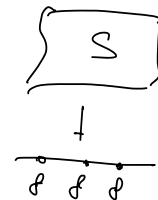
Rmk  $f: \bar{X} \rightarrow Y$  morphism of proj manifolds (Surj)  $\downarrow$  smooth locus of  $f$

$$K(\bar{X}) + K(F) \leq K(\bar{X}) \leq K(U) + K(F)$$

$\uparrow$  Iitaka's conj  $\uparrow$  Popa's conj.

$$K \mathbb{Z} S \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$$

$24 \rightsquigarrow$  add sing fibers up to mult = 24.



Conj Kebekus-Kovács

$X \downarrow$  smooth proj  $Y$

$$\bar{K}(Y) \geq \text{Var}(f)$$

$$\bar{K}(X) \leq \max\{\bar{K}(U), \text{Var}(f)\} + K(F)$$